

Subject code: GIS-202-3	Subject name: Geoinformatics		
Study cycle: I	Year: II	Semester: III	ECTS credits: 5
Status: Mandatory		<b>Contact hours:</b> 60 Lectures: 30 Exercises: 30	0
<b>°</b>			e selected for the teaching area
Prerequisits:	1		
Subject objectives:	<ul> <li>introduct preparata data;</li> <li>introduct system, it</li> <li>introduct system hat</li> <li>introduct functions</li> <li>introduct their stru modeling</li> <li>introduct organizata applicatio</li> <li>introduct geoinform purpose a</li> <li>-introduct famous</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>to which the subject belongs</li> <li>Basic subject goals are: <ul> <li>introduction and acquiring knowledge of collecting, preparation and geoinformatic modeling of geographical data;</li> <li>introduction and acquiring knowledge of geoinformatics system, its structure and components;</li> <li>introduction and acquiring knowledge of computer system hardware;</li> <li>introduction and acquiring knowledge of characteristics i functions of systemic and application software;</li> <li>introduction and acquiring knowledge of data geobases, their structure, organization and theirs application in modeling;</li> <li>introduction and acquiring knowledge of geoinformatics organization of graphic data and concepts of their application in modeling;</li> <li>introduction and acquiring knowledge of models of geoinformatic management of spatial contents for the purpose of regional and spatial planning;</li> <li>-introduction and acquiring knowledge of the most famous digital models of Earth and its' individual regions and possibilities of theirs application in educational</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
Teaching units:	and	-	t, definitions, goals, tasks Geoinformatic data - and organization.
	2. Cor con 3. Cor stru sys	nputer system and it. nputer development. T nputer system archite	s components. History of Types of computers. ecture. Hardware - term, ing of computers. BIOS

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	components. Output-input devices. Optional	
	external devices.	
	5. System software - concept, structure and	
	application. Control software. Operating system -	
	term, structure and application.	
	6. MS-DOS OS - main functions and user interface. OS	
	Windows - main functions and user interface. OS	
	LINUX. OSMAC.	
	7. First test.	
	8. Application software - concept, definitions and	
	significance. Division of applicative software. MS	
	Office. Corel Draw.	
	9. Geoinformatics software - concept, definitions and	
	significance. Types of geoinformatics software. GIS -	
	term, definitions and division.	
	10. Geoinformatics organization of geobases and their	
	structure. Basic operation models with geobases.	
	11. Graphical geoinformatics data - concept,	
	definitions and significance. Types of graphical	
	geoinformatics data. Sources of graphical	
	geoinformatics data. Raster graphical data - term,	
	types and sources of raster data.	
	12. Vector graphical data - concept, definitions and	
	significance. Structure and types of vector data.	
	Sources of vector data.	
	13. Basic modules of geoinformatics software.	
	Preparation of geographical data for	
	geoinformatics processing.	
	14. Geoprocessing. Geovisualization. Sets of	
	thematic data.	
	15. World computer networks. Internet sources of	
	geoinformatics data. The most famous internet applications of	
	digital models of the Earth and continents.	
Learning outcomes:	Knowledge:	
Leur ming outcomes.	- Student defines geoinformatics system, its	
	structure and components.	
	- Student describes the hardware of a computer system,	
	and sorts and emphasizes characteristics and	
	functions of systemic and applicative software for	
	geographic data	
	Skills :	
	- Student geoinformatically organizes data geobases,	
	connects theirs structure and organization	
	- Student geoinformatically analyzes geographical	
	Statent geomjormatically analyzes geographical	



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	<ul> <li>data and graphically depicts their applications in modeling;</li> <li>Competencies: <ul> <li>Student geoinformatically values geographical data of natural and social contents for the purpose of regional and spatial planning;</li> <li>Student geoinformatically values geographical data of the most famous digital models of the Earth and its individual regions and the possibilities of their application in regional and spatial planning;</li> <li>Student geoinformatically values geographical data of spatial planning;</li> <li>Student geoinformatically values geographical and spatial planning;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>			
Teaching methods:	Multimedia presentation and discussion (lectures); practical work, educational material analysis and discussion (exercises).			
Knowledge testing methods with grading structure <sup>1</sup> :	PointsAttendance5Participation on lectures5Tests40Seminar paper10Final exam40TOTAL100Assessment:GradeECTS grade10(A) excellent9(B) very good85 - 948(C) good7(D) satisfactory6(E) sufficient5(F, FX) insufficient5(F, FX) insufficient			
Literature <sup>2</sup> :	Mandatory: – Đug S., Drešković, N., Odžak, S. (2015) Daljinska istraživanja–principi i primjena u prirodnim naukama. Univerzitetski udžbenik. Univerzitet u Sarajevu. Sarajevo.			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The structure of points and point criteria for each subject is determined by the Council of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the subject is taught in accordance with Article 64, paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Sarajevo Canton

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The Senate of the higher education institution as an institution or a council of the organizational unit of the higher education institution as a public institution determines mandatory and recommended textbooks and manuals, as well as other recommended literature on the basis of which exams are prepared by a special act which is required to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56, paragraph 3 of the Law on Higher Education of the Sarajevo Canton.



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<ul> <li>Burrough, P. A., McDonnel, R. A. (2006): Principi geoinformacionih Sistema-drugo izdanje. Oxford University Press. Prevod sa engleskog</li> <li>Kvarternik, R. (1988): Uvod u operativne sisteme. Informator. Zagreb.</li> <li>Rožić, N. (1996): Geoinformatika III. Rukopis. Zagreb</li> </ul>		
Optional:		
– Kurtović – Numić, S. (2002): Informatika, Fojnica.		
– Vodič za računarske sisteme (2015)		
– Vodič za OS Windows (2015)		
– Vodič za Microsoft Office (2015)		
– Vodič za Corel Draw (2015)		
– Vodič za ESRI (2015)		