

UNIVERSITY OF SARAJEVO – FACULTY OF SCIENCE

Subject code: TG-406-1	Subject name: Methodology of learning about environment			
Study cycle: I	Year: IV	Semester: VIII	ECTS credits: 2	
Status: Optional		Contact hours: 30 Lectures: 15 Exercises: 15	Lectures: 15	
Assigned professors and assistants: Teachers subject by		s and associates selected in the field to which the pelongs		
Prerequisits:	/	/		
Subject objectives:	social Understa compon	Understanding the essence of the natural geographical and social geographical elements geographic environment. Understanding the interrelations and communications of components in forming the difference geographic environment.		
Teaching units:	2. Geogrenvironi 3. Metho 4. Geogrenvironi 5. Geolog 6. Relief 7. Metho morphol 8. Weath environi 9. First t 10. Wate 11. Biog 12. Dem 13. Settl 14. The o	1. Determinants which determine geographic location. 2. Geographical environment. Homeland or local environment. 3. Methodology of introductions environment. 4. Geographic methods and methodology in the study of environmental. 5. Geological branch as an environmental factor. 6. Relief as factor of introductions environment . 7. Methodology and methods of measurement of morphological forms. 8. Weather and climate as a factor in the study of the environment . 9. First test. 10. Water in our homeland. 11. Biogeographic elements of environment. 12. Demographic elements of environment. 13. Settlements as factor studies of environment. 14. The economy as a factor in the study of environment. 15. Secondary and tertiary branches of the economy as a factor in the study of the environment.		
Learning outcomes	• the s geog geog • the connection	Knowledge:		



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	Skills:		
	• the student independently performs tasks related to		
	geographical methods and methodologies in		
	environmental research;		
	• the student independently performs tasks related to the		
	methods and methodology of measuring morphological		
	forms;		
	Competencies:		
	• the student independently interprets the determinants		
	that determine the geographical location;		
	• the student independently determines and causally		
	considers the main physical-geographical and socio-		
	geographical elements as factors in the study of the		
	environment.		
	Multimedia presentation and discussion (lectures); practical work, educational material analysis and discussion		
Teaching methods:			
	(exercises).		
	Maximum Minimum		
	Points points		
	Attendance 5 3		
	Participation on lectures 5 3		
	Tests 40 22		
	Seminar paper 10 6		
77 11	Final exam 40 21		
Knowledge testing	TOTAL 100 55		
methods with grading	Assessment:		
structure ¹ :	Grade ECTS grade Points scale		
	10 (A) excellent 95 - 100		
	9 (B) very good 85 - 94		
	8 (C) good 75 - 84		
	7 (D) satisfactory 66 - 74		
	6 (E) sufficient 55 - 64		
	5 (F, FX) insufficient 55		
	Mandatory:		
Literature ² :	1. Đorđević, J.: Tipologija fizičkogeografskih faktor		
	prostornom planiranju, Geografski institut, Beograd		
	2004.		

¹ The structure of points and point criteria for each subject is determined by the Council of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the subject is taught in accordance with Article 64, paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Sarajevo Canton

 $^{^2}$ The Senate of the higher education institution as an institution or a council of the organizational unit of the higher education institution as a public institution determines mandatory and recommended textbooks and manuals, as well as other recommended literature on the basis of which exams are prepared by a special act which is required to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56, paragraph 3 of the Law on Higher Education of the Sarajevo Canton.



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2. Mastilo, N.: Prilozi didaktici i metodici nastave geografije, Svjetlost, Sarajevo 1984.

Recommended:

1. Brazda, M.: Metodički priručnik za nastavnike zemljopisa, Zagreb 1989.